Building trust through assurance

Transparency report for the year ended 30 June 2021





PwC South Africa/Assurance

2021 Highlights

Assurance at a glance



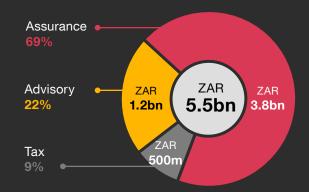
PwC South Africa revenues grew by 3% in 2021 to

R5.5bn

Assurance grew by 6% in 2021 to R3.8bn and comprises

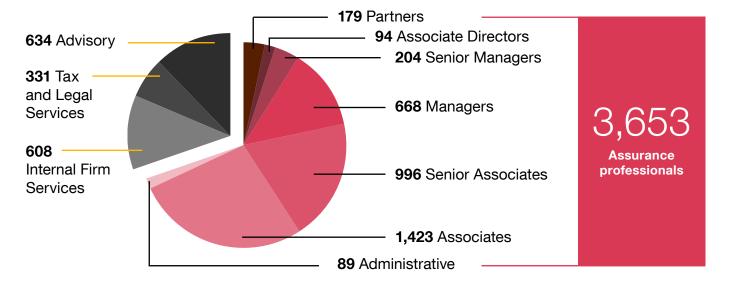
of firm revenues

Core Audit grew by 7% to R2.8bn, while BAS grew by 3% to R1.0bn



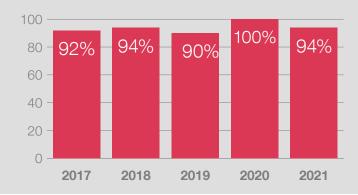
Our people

We employ more than 5,200 people including more than 3,600 assurance professionals

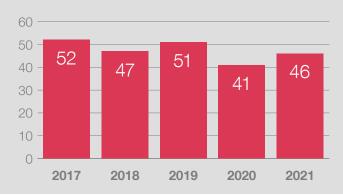


Audit Quality

Compliance rate of audit engagements selected for internal inspection

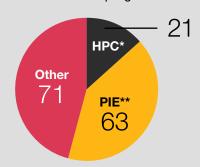


Number of audit engagements subject to internal inspection



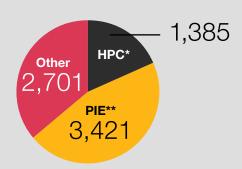
Real Time Assurance Reviews

Number of audit engagements included in the real time assurance review program



^{*} Higher profile client

Hours spent on the real time assurance review program



Audit hours performed by service delivery centres / centres of excellence

FY16

FY17

FY18

FY19

FY20

FY21

64,058

86,081

113,606

155,115

191,359

273,331

Ratio of partners serving in a technical support role to the total number of audit partners

1 _{to} 9.3*

(FY20: 1 to 9.1)

*Includes 3 JSE Reporting Accountant specialists

Audit partners' average years' experience at PwC:



Our response to COVID-19

During the COVID-19 crisis, our first priority was to keep our people healthy and give them the flexibility to care for themselves and their loved ones. At the same time. we were also focused on continuing to run our business, deliver quality, and serve our clients. Our existing tools and infrastructure allowed our people to shift to working in different ways and to coordinate and communicate with our clients.

People Engagement Index (PEI)



People Engagement Index from the PwC Global People Survey

The PEI measures value alignment, advocacy, pride, belonging and whether our people enjoy working at PwC.

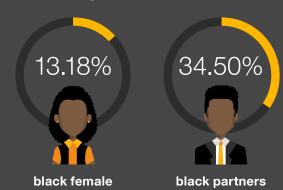
Transformation

Retained a



Level 1, **B-BBEE** contributor status for the period 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2021 — the highest rating possible, recognising the firm as a good B-BBEE contributor

South Africa partners across all lines of service



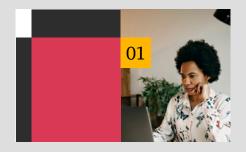
^{**} Public interest entity





At PwC, our purpose is to build trust in society and solve important problems. We're a network of firms in 156 countries with more than 295,000 people who are committed to delivering quality in assurance, advisory and tax services. We are committed to drive a strong culture of quality and excellence that is core to our purpose.

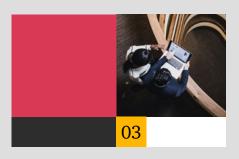
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reimagining our future together



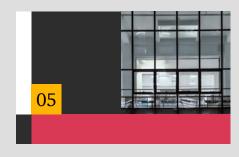
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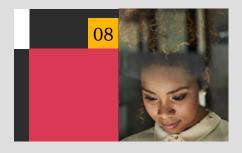
Acceptance and continuance of client relationships and specific engagements



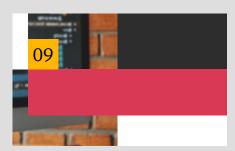
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Structure

Throughout this report, the term "PwC" refers to the global network of separate firms (each a separate legal entity) and the terms "PwC South Africa", "firm", "we" and "our" refer to PricewaterhouseCoopers Incorporated and PricewaterhouseCoopers South African Firm, the South African members of PricewaterhouseCoopers Incorporated Limited (PwCIL). This report includes information about how PwC South Africa is governed and includes updates from our leadership. While PwC is a multidisciplinary firm, this report is primarily focused on our audit practice and related services.

Message from leadership – reimagining our future together





Our 2021 Transparency Report tells the story of an extraordinary year. In addition to responding to the Covid-19 pandemic, we are adapting to a complex world and continuing to make enhancements to drive the quality of our audits.

Quality is our top priority

During this time of significant change there are some things that remain the same. We're committed to driving a strong culture of quality. It's core to our purpose – to build trust in society and solve important problems. Importantly, it's also what our clients and stakeholders expect of us. Our purpose statement serves as our guiding principle to align the focus of our people and direct the decisions we make and actions we take. It's reflected in our leadership and governance structures and is consistent throughout our global network. It guides the decisions we make – both internally and externally – forms the basis of our strategy and is underpinned by expectations of quality and the highest of standards.

We're a network of firms in 156 countries with more than 295,000 people who are committed to delivering quality in assurance, advisory and tax services.

In June 2021, we unveiled The New Equation, PwC's landmark global strategy which responds to fundamental changes in the world, including technological disruption, climate change, fractured geopolitics, and the continuing effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. The New Equation is based on analysis of global trends and thousands of conversations with clients and stakeholders. It builds on more than a decade of sustained revenue growth and continued investment. The New Equation focuses on two interconnected needs that clients face in the coming years. The first is to build trust, which has never been more important, nor more difficult. The second is to deliver sustained outcomes in an environment where competition and the risk of disruption are more intense than ever and societal expectations have never been greater. For more information on The New Equation, please see https://www.pwc.com/gx/en/.

Our new strategy builds on our ongoing commitment to quality.

Our response to Covid-19

Well over a year since its onset, the COVID-19 pandemic continues to present significant new challenges across the globe. Our initial response was rapid, and our priority was keeping our people safe—just as it is today. It was our focus on our people, and their trust in us, that allowed us to navigate the disruption. With the tools, guidance, and confidence we provided, our audit teams continued to deliver quality and meet the needs of our clients and stakeholders. As a firm, we continued to focus on the important role we play as auditors in helping to facilitate transparency and instill confidence in the capital markets.

Restoring trust in the profession and in the audit

Strength across the entire ecosystem - including quality, independent audits - is necessary to provide a credible foundation for confidence in the financial reporting system and the capital markets. This is one of the reasons we consistently make significant investments in continuing to evolve and enhance our audits, as well as support continuous improvement of the broader financial reporting ecosystem. We continue to engage with the investment community and corporate director continuing education programmes, as well as supporting the South African Institute of Chartered Accountants (SAICA), the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors (IRBA) and Auditor-General of South Africa initiatives. PwC also continues to play a key role in The South African Auditing Profession Trust Initiative, or SAAPTI, a voluntary committee established by the audit profession in South Africa. The committee's members include CEOs of the larger, medium and emerging audit firms.

Our ongoing commitment

The 2021 edition of our Transparency Report gives us the opportunity to share how our culture, values, people and processes come together to help us achieve quality. Pieter Hough, who leads our assurance practice, will summarise the actions we've taken to address regulatory developments, and emerging technologies.

Quality matters – to us, our brand, our stakeholders and our clients.





Dion Shango PwC Africa Chief Executive Officer



Shirley Machaba PwC South Africa Chief Executive Officer

October 2021



Trust lies at the heart of everything we do at PwC. It's fundamental to fulfilling our firm's purpose. One of the ways we build trust is by being transparent.

As auditors, we're also acutely aware of another trust driver - the quality of our external audits. That's why we're pleased to present our Transparency Report for 2021 - which shows how we maintain quality in our audit work. The report describes our policies, systems and processes for ensuring quality, the results of key quality monitoring programs and reviews, and the way we foster a culture of quality at every level of the firm.

Audit quality starts with our people

Our people are key to performing high quality audits and we draw upon a wide range of specialist skills across our multidisciplinary practice. That's why we maintain a constant emphasis on our purpose and values that address integrity and independence. We continue to invest in our people by providing ongoing professional and personal development, with in depth training.

Our ongoing commitment to diversity and inclusion

The work we have done, has led to a firm that embraces diversity and inclusion as an essential aspect of our purpose, culture, and values. Our systems, programs, and processes are designed to support all of our people so that every person has the same opportunities to grow to their full capacity.

We see technology as a key enabler of quality

Through tech-enabling the audit, we're matching tailored innovations in transformative technology with the continued emphasis on vital skills of our people, like critical thinking, skepticism and communication to enhance how we perform our audits. We continuously invest in innovation and new technology to support our services across the firm, to meet the changing audit challenges in a digital age and to enhance the quality of our audit services.

These measures represent a significant transformation of our audit business and support our focus on audit quality and our public interest responsibilities. Our combination of people and technology continues to make a difference for our clients and the capital markets. Driven by a quality-first, purpose-always mindset, our people execute an audit approach that focuses on simplification, standardisation, specialisation, and automation.

Our focus on living our values and maintaining independence

Acting with integrity and maintaining independence is the foundation for building trust. We have made it clear—no client, no fee, and no opportunity is worth compromising our values. We provide our people with the support and tools they need to maintain independence and to uphold our values.

Audit quality is still our #1 priority. It's core to our purpose—to build trust in society and solve important problems. We are proud of the work we do and the important role we play in the financial reporting ecosystem.

Thank you for engaging with us on our audit quality journey, and for your interest in our continued progress.



Pieter Hough Assurance Leader

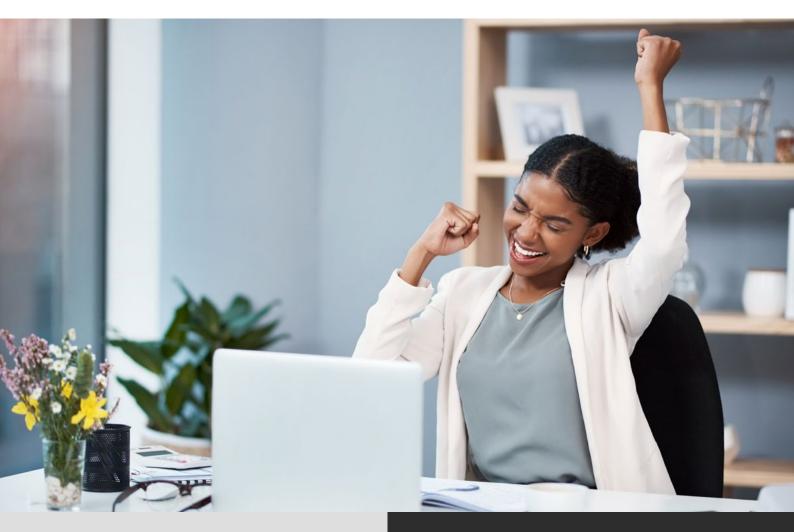
Our quality improvement programmes

At PwC, we are invested in continuously improving our audit quality through the design and operation of an effective System of Quality Management. Further, as part of PwC's new global strategy, The New Equation, PwC will continue to invest to further enhance quality. This includes a focus on the following key areas:

- Continuing to strengthen our quality culture to support our partners and teams to drive behaviours consistent with enhancing audit quality
- Integration of the use of Assurance Quality Indicators to aim to predict quality. Real Time Assurance to aim to prevent quality issues, Root Cause analysis to learn from quality issues and a Recognition and Accountability Framework to reinforce quality behaviours, cultures, and actions
- Increasing our focus on ongoing and real-time quality monitoring including through the use of Real Time Assurance and Assurance Quality Indicators
- Developing an implementation plan that addresses explicit requirements resulting from the recently approved IAASB quality management standards. However it is not expected that the changes related to ISQM 1 will have a significant impact on our SoQM.

In addition, we continue to engage with our stakeholders to have:

- Enhanced transparency of information about our business
- Real time engagement around the changes we're seeing in the world and their impact on audit quality and compliance, like technology disruption, climate change, geopolitics - changes that have been magnified and accelerated by the COVID-19 pandemic



01



Culture and values

02



Our purpose is to build trust in society and solve important problems. We build trust by delivering on our commitment to quality.

This means that performing quality audits is job #1 for our Assurance practice. Our focus on quality drives our actions with clients, colleagues and other stakeholders, and guides our decision-making.

Our purpose reflects 'why' we do what we do, and our strategy provides us with the 'what' we do. 'How' we deliver our purpose and strategy is driven by our culture, values and behaviours. This forms the foundation of our System of Quality Management (SoQM) and permeates how we operate, including guiding our leadership actions, and how we build trust in how we do business, with each other and in our communities.

When working with our clients and our colleagues to build trust in society and solve important problems, we:



Act with integrity

- Speak up for what is right, especially when it feels difficult
- Expect and deliver the highest quality outcomes
- Make decisions and act as if our personal reputations were at stake



Make a difference

- Stay informed and ask questions about the future of the world we live in
- Create impact with our colleagues, our clients and society through our actions
- Respond with agility to the ever changing environment in which we operate



Care

- Make the effort to understand every individual and what matters to them
- Recognise the value that each person contributes
- Support others to grow and work in the ways that bring out their best



Work together

- Collaborate and share relationships, ideas and knowledge beyond boundaries
- Seek and integrate a diverse range of perspectives, people and ideas
- Give and ask for feedback to improve ourselves and others



Reimagine the possible

- Speak to challenge the status quo and try new things
- Innovate, test and learn from failure
- Have an open mind to the possibilities in every idea

Key messages are communicated to our firm by our PwC Africa and PwC South Africa Chief Executive Officers and our leadership team and are reinforced by engagement partners. These communications focus on what we do well and actions we can take to make enhancements. We track whether our people believe that our leaders' messaging conveys the importance of quality to success of our firm. Based on this tracking, we are confident our people understand our audit quality objectives.

Our audit quality principles are achieved through our audit quality practices and mean that we:

- 1 ask tough questions
- are the audit committee's independent "eyes and ears"
- recognise our role in the capital markets

- apply an objective and sceptical mindset
- plan our work in a timely and thorough fashion
- stay current on professional standards

- embrace the supervision and review process as a way to continuously improve
- remain alert to issues that need deeper analysis
- 9 act with professionalism

The Quality Management Process



03



Delivering service of the highest quality is core to our purpose and our assurance strategy, the focus of which is to strengthen trust and transparency in our clients, in the capital markets and wider society.

To help PwC South Africa put this strategy into effect, the PwC network has established the Quality Management for Service Excellence (QMSE) framework for quality management which integrates quality management into business processes and the firm-wide risk management process. The QMSE framework introduces an overall quality objective for the Assurance practice focused on having the people and processes to deliver services in an effective and efficient manner that meets the expectations of our clients and other stakeholders.

This overall quality objective is supported by a series of underlying quality management objectives and our SoQM must be designed and operated so that these objectives are achieved with reasonable assurance.

The achievement of these objectives is supported by a quality management process established by our firm and Assurance leadership, business process owners, and partners and staff.

This involves the integrated use of Assurance Quality Indicators to aim to *predict* quality issues, Real Time Assurance to aim to *prevent* quality issues, Root Cause Analysis to *learn* from quality issues and a Recognition and Accountability Framework to *reinforce* quality behaviours, culture and actions.

These programs, by design, require ongoing monitoring and continuous improvement, in particular Assurance Quality Indicators, which we expect will evolve significantly over time and as we continue to use and learn from these measures.

This quality management process includes:

- · identifying risks to achieving the quality objectives;
- designing and implementing responses to the assessed quality risks;
- monitoring the design and operating effectiveness of the policies and procedures through the use of process-integrated monitoring activities such as real-time assurance as well as appropriate Assurance quality indicators;
- continuously improving the SoQM when areas for improvement are identified by performing root cause analyses and implementing remedial actions; and
- establishing a quality-related recognition and accountability framework to be used in appraisals, remuneration, and career progression decisions.

Aim to Predict: Assurance Quality Indicators

We have identified a set of Assurance Quality Indicators (AQIs) that support our Assurance leadership team in the early identification of potential risks to quality, using metrics to aim to predict quality issues. This quality risk analysis is an essential part of our Quality Management for Service Excellence (QMSE), and the AQIs, in addition to other performance measures, also provide a key tool in the ongoing monitoring and continuous improvement of our SoQM.

Our investment

We continue to make significant investments to improve our system of quality control to focus on quality management, tailoring it to the risks we face as a firm and building upon our existing system of policies and controls that enable us to achieve our quality objectives while demonstrating compliance with relevant standards.

Number of hours

Internal audit invested approximately 5,000 hours to test the design and operating effectiveness of the controls and 760 hours testing the key reports and IT systems used in the performance of the controls. More than 6,500 hours are invested by the Functional Area Leaders and their support team members in the documentation of the controls and monitoring procedures across the 15 quality objectives.

Number of Functional Area Leaders involved

Approximately 32 Partners are directly involved as Functional Area Leaders of the quality objectives across the South Market Area.



Number of hours and professional resources used in the Quality Management Review process

The Quality
Management
Review was
performed by
a Global team
of 10 specialist
reviewers investing
approximately
800 hours
reviewing our
SoQM.



Aim to Prevent: Real Time Assurance

We have developed a Real Time Quality Assurance (RTA) program designed to provide preventative monitoring that helps coach and support engagement teams get the 'right work' completed in real-time, during the audit.

It enables us to cover both a wide range of engagements and AQIs through our internal monitoring processes with standardisation and automation saving time and resources.

Learn: Root cause analysis

We perform analyses to identify potential factors contributing to our firm's audit quality so that we can take actions to continuously improve. Our primary objectives when conducting such analyses is to understand what our findings tell us about our SoQM and to identify how our firm can provide the best possible environment for our engagement teams to deliver a quality audit. We look at audits both with and without deficiencies—whether identified through our own internal inspections process or through external inspections—to help identify possible distinctions and learning opportunities. We look at quality findings from all sources including our own ongoing monitoring of our SoQM as well as Network inspection of our SoQM. audits both with and without deficiencies-whether identified through our own internal inspections process or through external inspections and other inputs such as our Global People Survey and financial statement restatements—to help identify possible distinctions and learning opportunities.

For individual audits, an objective team of reviewers identifies potential factors contributing to the overall quality of the audit. We consider factors relevant to technical knowledge, supervision and review, professional scepticism, engagement resources, and training, amongst others. Potential causal factors are identified by evaluating engagement information, performing interviews, and reviewing selected audit working papers to understand the factors that may have contributed to audit quality.

In addition, the data compiled for audits both with and without deficiencies is compared and contrasted to identify whether certain factors appear to correlate to audit quality. Examples of this data include the hours incurred on the audit, the number of years that key engagement team members have been on the engagement, the number of other audits that engagement partners are involved in, whether the engagement was subject to a pre-issuance review, and the timing of when the audit work was performed. Our goal is to understand how quality audits may differ from those with deficiencies, and to use these learnings to continuously improve all of our audits. We evaluate the results of these analyses to identify enhancements that may be useful to implement across the practise. We believe these analyses contribute significantly to the continuing effectiveness of our quality controls.

Reinforce: Recognition and Accountability Framework

Our Recognition and Accountability Framework (RAF) reinforces quality in everything our people do in delivering on our strategy, with a focus on the provision of services to our clients, how we work with our people and driving a high quality culture. It holds Partners accountable for quality outcomes beyond compliance. Our RAF considers and addresses the following key elements:

- Quality outcomes: We provide transparent quality outcomes to measure the achievement of the quality objectives. Our quality outcomes take into account meeting professional standards and the PwC Network and our firm's standards and policies
- Behaviours: We have set expectations of the right behaviours that support the right attitude to quality, the right tone from the top and a strong engagement with the quality objective
- Interventions/recognition: We have put in place interventions and recognition that promotes and reinforces positive behaviours and drives a culture of quality
- Consequences/reward: We have implemented financial and non-financial consequences and rewards that are commensurate to outcome and behavior and sufficient to incentivise the right behaviours to achieve the quality objectives

Based on our analysis of the results of the activities described above, as well as our consideration of regulator reviews and the results of other internal monitoring activities, we are satisfied that our internal quality control system provides us with reasonable assurance of performing and reporting in conformity with applicable standards and PwC Audit in all material respects.

Our approach to delivering quality services across all our operations and network

The quality of our work is at the heart of our organisation and we invest significant and increasing resources in its continuous enhancement across all of our businesses. This investment is targeted into many different areas, including training (technical, ethical and behavioural), methodologies, adding resources in key areas and exploring new ways of delivering our work. Each investment reflects a common determination to understand the factors that drive quality and identify opportunities for enhancement.

We are also investing heavily in new technology to drive continuous improvement in the capabilities and effectiveness of all of our services.

We are proud to have been the first of the global professional services networks to have published its internal audit quality inspection results. It is very important that we are transparent about both the efforts that we are making to enhance quality, and also the results and the impact that these efforts are having. The publication of this data by our network over the last few years, along with public discourse on the subject of the audit, has quite rightly put an increasing focus on the issue of audit quality, which we discuss in detail in this report.

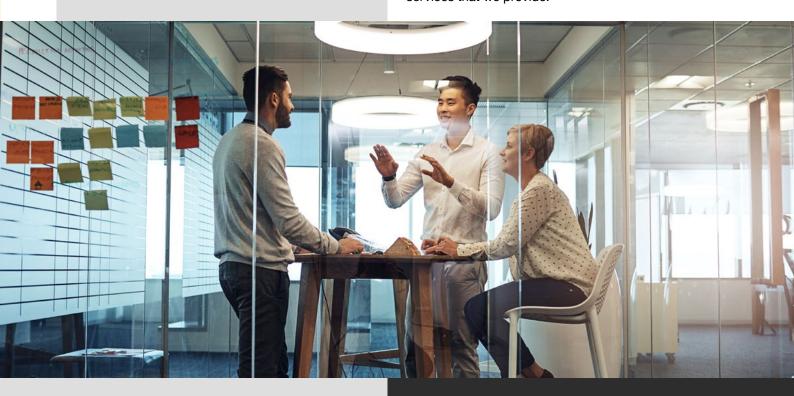
Definition and culture

At PwC, we define quality service as one that consistently meets the expectations of our stakeholders and which complies with all applicable standards and policies. An important part of delivering against this quality definition is building a culture across a network of more than 295,000 people that emphasises that quality is the responsibility of everyone including our 5,200 people. Continuing to enhance this culture of quality is a significant area of focus for our global and local leadership teams and one which plays a key part in the measurement of their performance.

Measurement and transparency

For all our businesses, each PwC firm – as part of the agreement by which they are members of the PwC network – is required to have in place a comprehensive system of quality management (SoQM); to annually complete a SoQM performance assessment; and to communicate the results of these assessments to global leadership. These results are then discussed in detail with the leadership of each local firm and if they are not at the level expected, a remediation plan is agreed with local leadership taking personal responsibility for its successful implementation.

As our services change and develop, and the needs and expectations of our stakeholders also change, we are continually reviewing and updating the scale, scope and operations of our system of quality management and investing in programmes to enhance the quality of the services that we provide.



Specific focus on audit quality

Specific focus on audit quality

Delivering quality audits is core to our purpose. To that end, we are committed to providing a quality audit. However, where our work falls below the standards that we set for ourselves and are set by the regulators, we are disappointed and also rightly criticised. We take each of these instances very seriously and work hard to learn lessons and to enhance the quality of audits that we undertake in the future.

The right objectives and capabilities

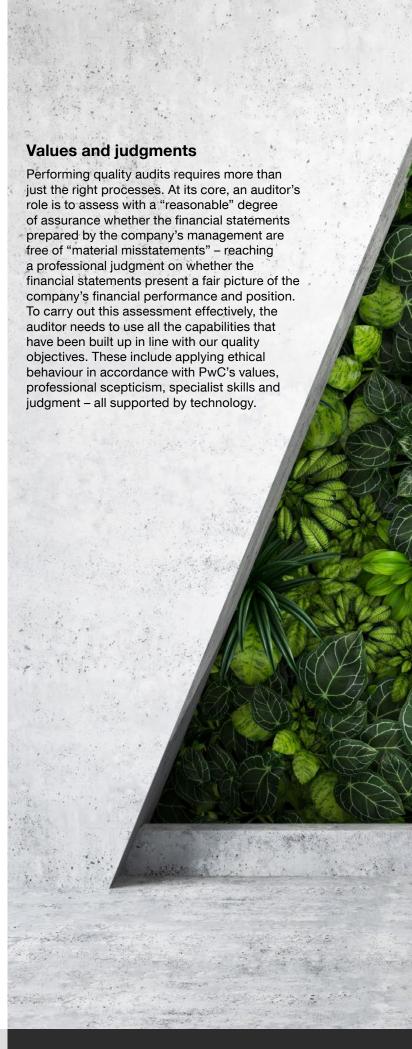
To help us put this strategy into effect, the PwC network has established clear objectives around audit quality and provides support to help us meet these objectives. Our engagement teams can only deliver quality audit services if they have access to the necessary capabilities – both in terms of people and technology. That's why our quality objectives focus on having the right capabilities – both at a member firm level and across our network – and on using these capabilities to meet our own standards and the professional requirements. These capabilities can only be developed under the right leadership and quality culture, promoting the right values and behaviours.

Integrated and aligned in the right way

The quality objectives focus on having the right people supported by effective methodologies, processes, and technology appropriately directed and supervised. These represent the capabilities that we believe are relevant to achieving and sustaining audit quality. To help us achieve these objectives, there are a number of dedicated functions at a network level that develop practical tools, guidance and systems to support and monitor audit quality across our network. These elements have been integrated and aligned by our network to create a comprehensive, holistic and interconnected quality management framework that we tailor to reflect our individual circumstances.

Delivering a quality end-product consistently

Central to the framework is the recognition that quality management is not a separate concept; it needs to be embedded in everything we do as individuals, teams, firms and the network. The quality objectives are supported by designated key activities which are considered necessary to achieve the quality objectives, focused mainly on building a quality infrastructure and organisation. We supplement and design those key activities as appropriate to respond to risks we have identified to achieving each quality objective.



Delivering audit quality during the COVID-19 pandemic

Sharing developments and experience

From the early stages of the pandemic, the PwC network put a team in place to monitor developments globally and to highlight areas of critical importance to ensure we did not compromise on audit quality. We have leveraged the guidance developed by our Network to provide consistent leadership and guidance on audit quality and equip our teams to consider their client's unique circumstances and respond accordingly.

Our Network response was comprehensive. It covered all aspects of audit quality, including regulatory and standard setting updates, auditor reporting, methodology, accounting and learning and education. Using the Network guidance, we considered changes needed to our existing policies and procedures as well as what needed to be reinforced through appropriate communications to our staff and partners.

Identifying and addressing risks related to COVID-19

The COVID-19 pandemic resulted in us facing a number of new challenges in our audits. This ranged from how we operate as a team to plan and complete the audit, to how we interact with our clients to obtain the necessary audit evidence and execute specific audit procedures such as completing physical inventory counts. We also actively participated in the COVID-19 forums, including a task force of our regulator, the IRBA.

Our SoQM provided the framework to identify, assess and respond to the risks arising from the Coronavirus situation. We used the experience and examples shared with us from across the Network to support our assessment of the issues that had the potential to impact our SoQM.

We focused on enhanced supervision and review, the use of consultations with specialists within our firm, enhanced Real-Time Assurance programs regarding COVID-19 topics to respond to the risks we identified. We also released a number of additional alerts as well as virtual training to better equip our people to respond. During lockdown, we also introduced biweekly 'methodology bites' and 'IFRS snippets' to further enhance engagement teams' ability to respond to COVID-19 related aspects of their audits.

Using technology to support our teams

Our teams transitioned quickly and seamlessly to working remotely. Our Network audit technology infrastructure and tools, including our Connect Suite and collaboration through Google (see page 32 for how we use technology tools in our audits), enabled our people to continue to carry out their work despite the significant change in our physical work environment. Leveraging the benefits of our continued investments in tech-enabling the audit, we were able to provide our people with the tools and technology needed to deliver quality service to our clients while working safely. The investment in technology and moving quickly to upskill our partners and staff to work seamlessly in a digital world put us at the forefront in managing remote working during our busiest time of year without sacrificing quality in our audits. Our teams utilised the resources made available and worked cohesively to execute our audits remotely. We identified new capabilities to optimise working effectively in virtual settings, including additional apps and video capabilities. We were also able to rapidly transition and train our technology support functions to continue to provide our people with uninterrupted 24/7 support. In addition, our Service Delivery Centres were able to conduct business as usual by working from home through use of our existing tools and technology.

Thought leadership to boards and audit committees.

We facilitated webcasts to help corporate directors, including audit committee members, prepare for the complex challenges of this crisis and pulled together the main themes and insights from these conversations into thought leadership resources.

We continue to monitor and respond to the ongoing impacts of the pandemic on our people and clients including the implications of changing or easing restrictions.

Ethics, independence and objectivity





We take good ethical behaviour seriously and seek to embrace the spirit and not just the letter of relevant ethical requirements.

Ethics

At PwC, we adhere to the fundamental principles of the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA) Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, which are:



Integrity – to be straightforward and honest in all professional and business relationships.



Objectivity – to not allow bias, conflict of interest or undue influence of others to override professional or business judgements.



Professional Competence and Due Care – to maintain professional knowledge and skill at the level required to ensure that a client or employer receives competent professional service based on current developments in practise, legislation and techniques and act diligently and in accordance with applicable technical and professional standards.



Confidentiality – to respect the confidentiality of information acquired as a result of professional and business relationships and, therefore, not disclose any such information to third parties without proper and specific authority, unless there is a legal or professional right or duty to disclose, nor use the information for the personal advantage of the professional accountant or third parties.



Professional behaviour – to comply with relevant laws and regulations and avoid any action that discredits the profession.

Our Network Standards applicable to all Network firms cover a variety of areas including ethics and business conduct, independence, anti-money laundering, antitrust/fair-competition, anti-corruption, information protection, firm's and partner's taxes, sanctions laws, internal audit and insider trading. We take compliance with these ethical requirements seriously and strive to embrace the spirit and not just the letter of those requirements. All partners and staff undertake annual mandatory training, as well as submitting annual compliance confirmations, as part of the system to support appropriate understanding of the ethical requirements under which we operate. Partners and staff uphold and comply with the standards developed by the PwC Network and leadership in PwC South Africa monitors compliance with these obligations.

In addition to the PwC Values (Act with Integrity, Make a difference, Care, Work together, Reimagine the possible) and PwC Purpose, PwC South Africa has adopted the PwC Network Standards which include a Code of Conduct, and related policies that clearly describe the behaviours expected of our partners and other professionals – behaviours that will enable us to build public trust. Because of the wide variety of situations that our professionals may face, our standards provide guidance under a broad range of circumstances, but all with a common goal-to do the right thing.

Upon hiring or admittance, all staff and partners of PwC South Africa are provided with the PwC Global Code of Conduct. They are expected to live by the values expressed in the Code in the course of their professional careers and have a responsibility to report and express concerns, and to do so fairly, honestly, and professionally when dealing with a difficult situation or when observing behaviours inconsistent with the Code. Each firm in the PwC Network provides a mechanism to report issues. There is also a confidential global reporting option on pwc.com/codeofconduct. PwC South Africa has adopted an accountability framework to facilitate remediation of behaviours that are inconsistent with the Code of Conduct, PwC South Africa also appointed an Ethics officer who reports directly to the Head of Risk of Quality.

The PwC Code of Conduct is available on-line for all internal and external stakeholders at pwc.com/ethics.

Finally, the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) provides guidance, including the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (the OECD Guidelines), by way of non-binding principles and standards for responsible business conduct when operating globally. The OECD Guidelines provide a valuable framework for setting applicable compliance requirements and standards. Although the PwC network consists of firms that are separate legal entities which do not form a multinational corporation or enterprise, PwC's network standards and policies are informed by and meet the goals and objectives of the OECD Guidelines.



Compliance with anti-money laundering legislation and professional requirements

At PwC, we do not provide any service, or enter into any business relationship, that could entail any individual, or the firm, being involved in direct or indirect money laundering activities. We have policies and procedures in place that establish our client's identity in accordance with the PwC policy. All knowledge or suspicion of money laundering is reported to the firm's nominated individual in accordance with our reporting procedures.



Anti-bribery

We are opposed to bribery in any form. The PwC Code of Conduct makes it clear that it is unacceptable for our people to solicit, accept, offer, promise or pay bribes whether directly or through a third party. Policies, training and procedures designed to prevent bribery are in place.



Reportable irregularity requirements

Audit engagement leaders who have reason to believe that they have identified a reportable irregularity, as defined in section 1 of the Auditing Professions Act of 2005, are required to consult with Risk Management and the Office of General Counsel.



Objectivity and independence

As auditors of financial statements and providers of other types of professional services, PwC member firms and their partners and staff are expected to comply with the fundamental principles of objectivity, integrity and professional behaviour. In relation to assurance clients, independence underpins these requirements. Compliance with these principles is fundamental to serving the capital markets and our clients.

The PwC Global Independence Policy, which is based on the IESBA International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including International Independence Standards, contains minimum standards with which PwC member firms have agreed to comply, including processes that are to be followed to maintain independence from clients, when necessary.

PwC South Africa has a designated partner (known as the 'Partner Responsible for Independence' or 'PRI') with appropriate seniority and standing, who is responsible for implementation of the PwC Global Independence Policy including managing the related independence processes and providing support to the business. The partner is supported by a team of independence specialists. The PRI reports directly to the Head of Risk and Quality, a member of the firm's management committee.

Independence policies and practices

personal and firm independence, including policies and guidance on the holding of financial interests and other financial arrangements, e.g. bank accounts and loans by partners, staff, the firm and its pension schemes;

business relationships, including policies and guidance on joint business relationships (such as joint ventures and joint marketing) and on purchasing of goods and services acquired in the normal course of business; and

The PwC Global Independence Policy covers, among others, the following areas:

non-audit services and fee arrangements. The policy is supported by Statements of Permitted Services (SOPS), which provide practical guidance on the application of the policy in respect of non-audit services to audit clients and related entities:

acceptance
of new audit and
assurance clients,
and the subsequent
acceptance of nonassurance services for
those clients.

In addition, there is a Network Risk Management Policy governing the independence requirements related to the rotation of key audit partners.

These policies and processes are designed to help PwC comply with relevant professional and regulatory standards of independence that apply to the provision of assurance services. Policies and supporting guidance are reviewed and revised when changes arise such as updates to laws and regulations, including any changes to the Code or in response to operational matters.

PwC South Africa supplements the PwC Network Independence Policy as required by local regulations, including the independence requirements of the Companies Act of 2008, the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission and those of the Public Accounting Oversight Board of the United States, where they are more restrictive than the Network's policy.

Independence-related systems and tools

As a member of the PwC Network, PwC South Africa has access to a number of systems and tools which support PwC member firms and their personnel in executing and complying with our independence policies and procedures. These include:

- The Central Entity Service (CES), which contains information about corporate entities including all PwC audit clients and their related entities (including all public interest audit clients and SEC restricted entities) as well as their related securities. CES assists in determining the independence restriction status of clients of the member firm and those of other PwC member firms before entering into a new non-audit service or business relationship. This system also feeds Independence Checkpoint and Authorisation for Services;
- 'Independence Checkpoint' which facilitates the preclearance of publicly traded securities by all partners and practice managers before acquisition and is used to record their subsequent purchases and disposals.
 Where a PwC member firm wins a new audit client, this system automatically informs those holding securities in that client of the requirement to sell the security where required;
- Authorisation for Services (AFS) which is a global system that facilitates communication between a non-audit services engagement leader and the audit engagement leader, regarding a proposed non-audit service, documenting the analysis of any potential independence threats created by the service and proposed safeguards, where deemed necessary, and acts as a record of the audit partner's conclusion on the permissibility of the service; and
- Global Breaches Reporting System which is designed to be used to report any breaches of external auditor independence regulations (e.g. those set by regulation or professional requirements) where the breach has cross-border implications (e.g. where a breach occurs in one territory which affects an audit relationship in another territory). All breaches reported are evaluated and addressed in line with the Code.
- A database that records all approved joint business relationships entered into by PwC South Africa. These relationships are reviewed on a six monthly basis to ensure their ongoing permissibility.

Independence training and confirmations

PwC South Africa provides all partners and staff with annual or on-going training in independence matters. Training typically focuses on milestone training relevant to a change in position or role, changes in policy or external regulation and, as relevant, provision of services. Partners and staff receive computer-based training on PwC South Africa's independence policy and related topics. Additionally, instructor-led training is delivered to members of the practise on an as-needed basis by PwC South Africa's independence specialists and risk and quality teams.

All partners and practice staff are required to complete an annual compliance confirmation, whereby they confirm their compliance with relevant aspects of the member firm's independence policy, including their own personal independence. In addition, all partners confirm that all non-audit services and business relationships for which they are responsible comply with policy and that the required processes have been followed in accepting these engagements and relationships. These annual confirmations are supplemented by periodic and adhoc engagement level confirmations for all assurance engagements.

Engagement leader, Quality Review Partner and Key Audit Partner rotation policy

We adhere to the rotation requirements of the independence rules published by IESBA, the SEC and the Companies Act of 2008 as applicable to a particular audited entity.

For entities that are subject to the requirements of Section 92 of the Companies Act of 2008, engagement leader tenure is set at five years, with a minimum two-year cooling-off period.

Lead audit engagement partners and quality review partners on audit engagements subject to the independence rules of the United States SEC are rotated every five years, followed by a five-year cooling-off period. There are also separate rotation requirements applicable to other partners who play a significant role on SEC audits.

For entities that meet the IESBA, IRBA or our internal definition of Public Interest Entity (PIE), the tenure for the engagement leader, quality review partner and key audit partners involved in the audit is set at seven years, with the cooling-off period being determined as set out below.

Where the engagement leader, quality review partner and key audit partners has served cumulative years in the same role:

Role	Time on period	Cooling off period (consecutive years)
Engagement leader (EP/EL)	7 years	5 years
Quality Review Partner (QRP)	7 years	3 years
Other Key Audit Partner	7 years	2 years

Where the engagement leader, quality review partner and key audit partners have served cumulative years in a combination of roles, different cooling off periods apply in terms of the IESBA code.

The engagement leader and quality review partner on engagements relating to a non-PIE high-profile client have a seven–year tenure, with a two year cooling-off period. For all other non-PIE entities our policy sets tenure for the engagement leader, quality review partner and key audit partner at ten years, with a two–year cooling– off period.

Key Audit Partners will include the statutory auditor designated by the firm as being primarily responsible for carrying out the statutory audit of the PIE, including at the level of the group, the statutory auditor who signs the audit report and, in the case of a group audit, the statutory auditor designated at the level of material subsidiaries.

Independence monitoring and disciplinary policy

PwC South Africa is responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of its quality control system in managing compliance with independence requirements. In addition to the confirmations described above, as part of this monitoring, we perform:

- Compliance testing of independence controls and processes;
- Personal independence compliance testing of a random selection of, at a minimum, Partners and staff at manager level and above as a means of monitoring compliance with independence policies; and
- An annual assessment of the member firm's adherence with the PwC Network's Standard relating to independence.

The results of PwC South Africa's monitoring and testing are reported to the firm's management on a regular basis with a summary reported to them on an annual basis.

PwC South Africa has disciplinary policies and mechanisms in place that promote compliance with independence policies and processes, and that require any breaches of independence requirements to be reported and addressed. Refer to page 14 for further information on our firm's RAF.

This would include discussion with the client's audit committee regarding the nature of a breach, an evaluation of the impact of the breach on the independence of the member firm and the need for safeguards to maintain objectivity. Although most breaches are minor and attributable to an oversight, all breaches are taken seriously and investigated as appropriate. The investigations of any identified breaches of independence policies also serve to identify the need for improvements in PwC South Africa systems and processes and for additional guidance and training.



In the past financial year, 295 partners and staff were subject to personal independence compliance testing to monitor compliance with the firm's policies. Exceptions are taken seriously, including staff and partner sanctions in terms of the RAF.

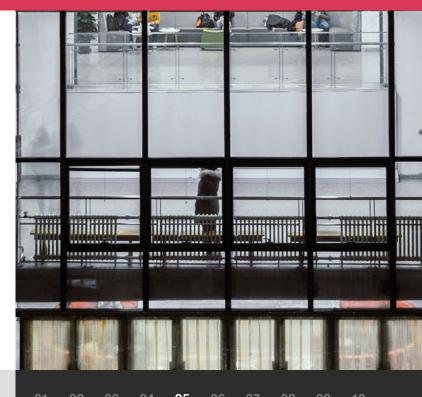


05

Acceptance and continuance of client relationships and specific engagements



Our principles for determining whether to accept a new client or continue serving an existing client are fundamental to delivering quality, which we believe goes hand-in-hand with our purpose to build trust in society.



We have established policies and procedures for the acceptance of client relationships and audit engagements that consider whether we are competent to perform the engagement and have the necessary capabilities including time and resources, can comply with relevant ethical requirements, including independence, and have appropriately considered the integrity of the client. We reassess these considerations in determining whether we should continue with the client engagement and have in place policies and procedures related to withdrawing or exiting from an engagement or a client relationship when necessary.

Client and Engagement Acceptance and Continuance

PwC South Africa has a process in place to identify acceptable clients based on the PwC Network's proprietary decision support systems for audit client acceptance and retention (called Acceptance and Continuance ('A&C')). A&C facilitates a determination by the engagement team, business management and risk management specialists of whether the risks related to an existing client or a potential client are manageable, and whether or not PwC should be associated with the particular client and its management. More specifically, this system enables:

Engagement teams:

- To document their consideration of matters required by professional standards related to acceptance and continuance;
- To identify and document issues or risk factors and their resolution, for example through consultation by adjusting the resource plan or audit approach or putting in place other safeguards to mitigate identified risks or by declining to perform the engagement; and
- To facilitate the evaluation of the risks associated with accepting or continuing with a client and engagement.

Member firms (including member firm leadership and risk management):

- To facilitate the evaluation of the risks associated with accepting or continuing with clients and engagements;
- To provide an overview of the risks associated with accepting or continuing with clients and engagements across the client portfolio; and
- To understand the methodology, basis and minimum considerations all other member firms in the Network have applied in assessing audit acceptance and continuance.

Relationship checks, independence assessments and conflicts of interest

Before accepting a new engagement we perform:

- checks to identify relevant relationships these checks are performed by a dedicated relationship checking team within Risk Management. Where potential conflicts of interest are identified, we either decline to accept an engagement or we put in place arrangements to make sure that the potential conflicts of interest are appropriately managed, including, where appropriate, the use of restricted access rooms to work in; and
- in the case of new audit clients, an independence assessment this is a comprehensive assessment which, depending on the nature and complexity of either the relationship or the structure of the prospective audit client, is either performed by a dedicated team within Risk Management or by the prospective engagement team with advice from Risk Management. The assessment covers all aspects of independence in relation to a new potential client. This enables us to identify existing relationships including business relationships, non-audit services and firm arrangements and determine whether:
 - those relationships that are prohibited by the Ethical Standards can be terminated before we are appointed as auditor. Where this is possible, the non-audit service providers in the PwC network are instructed to terminate the service prior to our appointment and confirm that they have done so. If we are unable to terminate the non-audit service before our potential audit appointment, we then decline the audit appointment; and
 - for those relationships that are permissible and can continue after our appointment as auditor, create any threat to our independence and objectivity. Where threats are identified and appropriate safeguards could be put in place, these are discussed and agreed with those charged with governance prior to appointment. Where the threats to our independence and objectivity are insurmountable, we decline the audit appointment.

06

Our people

44

The wellbeing, safety and development of our people has always been at the heart of everything we do. This has been more important than ever over the past year.



Our people strategy is focused on being the world's leading developer of talent. We hire candidates who have diverse backgrounds and appropriate skills; have a questioning mindset and intellectual curiosity; and demonstrate courage and integrity.

Our hiring standards include a structured interview process with behavior-based questions built from The PwC Professional framework, assessment of academic records, and background checks.



"Our Tomorrow"

Our One Firm "Our Tomorrow" strategy is how we are investing to create the PwC of the future; we are responding to the expectations of the market to deliver a different, more digital experience to our clients. There are two elements to this strategy:

- Digital upskilling: We provide our people with individualised learning tools to expand the use of digital solutions on their audits and empower them with a mindset of continual improvement and innovation. Our Digital Academies leverage market-leading software and focus primarily on building three core skills: data wrangling, automation, and data visualisation. These tools enhance the firm's collective digital fluency while providing each individual with a personalised curriculum to build their digital IQ.
- Be well, work well: Given the pace and complexity of change, the firm is putting the power of its resources toward supporting our people's journey to greater wellbeing.



Inclusion and diversity

At PwC, we're committed to creating a culture of belonging. We are focused on ensuring our ways of working embrace diversity and fostering an inclusive environment in which our people are comfortable bringing their whole selves to work and feel that they belong and can reach their full potential. As demonstrated through our core values of Care and Work Together, we strive to more deeply understand and empathise with different backgrounds, perspectives and experiences. We know that when people from different backgrounds and with different points of view work together, we create the most value for our clients, our people, and society.



Team selection, experience and supervision

Our audit engagements are staffed based on expertise, capabilities and years of experience. Engagement leaders determine the extent of direction, supervision and review of junior staff.



Career progression

PwC South Africa uses The PwC Professional, our global career progression framework, which sets out clear expectations at all staff levels across five key dimensions. The framework underpins all elements of career development and helps our people develop into wellrounded professionals and leaders with the capabilities and confidence to produce high-quality work, deliver an efficient and effective experience for our clients, execute our strategy, and support our brand. Our annual performance cycle is supported by continuous feedback conversations and regular check-ins with the individual's Team Leader to discuss their development, progression and performance.



Recruitment

PwC South Africa aims to recruit, train, develop and retain the best and the brightest staff who share in the firm's strong sense of responsibility for delivering high-quality services. Our hiring standards include a structured interview process with behavior-based questions built from The PwC Professional framework, assessment of academic records, and background checks.



Feedback and continuous development

Our team members obtain feedback on their overall performance, including factors related to audit quality, such as technical knowledge, auditing skills and professional scepticism. Audit quality is an important factor in performance evaluation and career progression decisions for both our partners and staff. Feedback on performance and progression is collected via our Snapshot tool, a simple, mobile-enabled technology. We also use Workday to give and receive upward and peer feedback. Ongoing feedback conversations help our people grow and learn faster, adapt to new and complex environments, and bring the best to our clients and firm.



Retention

Turnover in the auditing profession is often high because as accounting standards and regulations change, accountants are in demand and the development experience we provide make our staff highly sought after in the external market. Our voluntary turnover rate fluctuates based on many factors, including the overall market demand for talent.



Global People Survey

Each PwC member firm participates in an annual Global People Survey, administered across the network to all of our partners and staff. PwC South Africa is responsible for analysing and communicating results locally, along with clearly defined actions to address feedback.

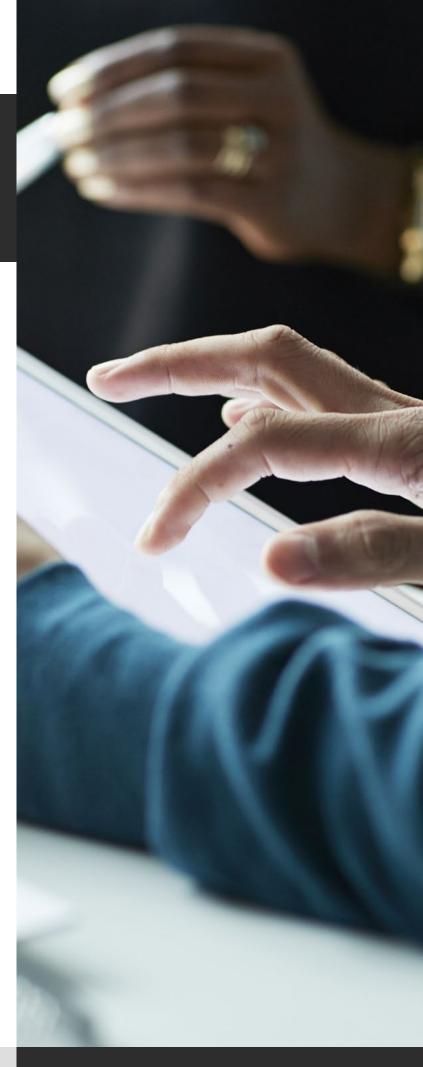
The PwC Professional

The PwC Professional supports the development and career progression of our staff by providing a single set of expectations across all lines of service, geographies, and roles; outlining the capabilities needed to thrive as purpose-led and values-driven leaders at every level.

Professional Development

We are committed to putting the right people in the right place at the right time. Throughout our people's careers, they are presented with career development opportunities, classroom, virtual classroom and ondemand learning, and on-the-job real time coaching/ development. Our flexible training portfolio facilitates personalised learning with access to a variety of educational materials, including webcasts, articles, videos, and courses.

Achieving a professional credential supports our Firm's commitment to quality through consistent examination and certification standards. Our goal is to provide our staff with a more individualised path to promotion and support them in prioritising and managing their time more effectively when preparing professional exams. Providing our people with the ability to meet their professional and personal commitments is a critical component of our people experience and retention strategy.



Continuing education

We, and other PwC member firms, are committed to delivering quality assurance services around the world. To maximise consistency in the Network the formal curriculum, developed at the Network level, provides access to training materials covering the PwC audit approach and tools-this includes updates on auditing standards and their implications, as well as areas of audit risk and areas of focus for quality improvement.

This formal learning is delivered using a blend of delivery approaches, which include remote access, classroom learning, virtual classroom, and on-the-job support. The curriculum supports our primary training objective of audit quality, while providing practitioners with the opportunity to strengthen their technical and professional skills, including professional judgement while applying a sceptical mindset.

The design of the curriculum allows us to select, based on local needs, when we will deliver the training.

Our Learning & Education leader then considers what additional training is appropriate – formal and/or informal – to address any additional specific local needs covering both technical and non-technical training.

Average hours of formal learning achieved by Audit Partners and staff

2021

103

33 hours Self-paced



70
hours



2020

75
hours

35 hours Self-paced



40 hours Instructor-led





Our audit approach





PwC South Africa uses a range of cutting-edge methods, processes, technologies, and approaches to ensure continuous improvement in the performance and quality of our audit engagements



The PwC Audit

The quality and effectiveness of audit is critical to all of our stakeholders. We therefore invest heavily in the effectiveness of our audits, in the skills of our people, in our underlying audit methodology, the technology we use, and in making the right amount of time and resources available. We pay close attention to what our various stakeholders require from us, what they tell us we need to improve and to the findings of regulatory inspections on the quality of our work. Just as important are the internal indicators and processes that routinely monitor the effectiveness of our risk and quality processes, and provide timely information about the quality of our audit work and any areas for improvement.



People

Data and technology can help reveal insights, but it takes an inquisitive person with well-rounded business knowledge to understand what those insights mean. We recruit professionals with these capabilities-people who can deliver the highest quality outcomes in terms of client service and compliance.



Technology

As technological change accelerates, our clients want to trust their information with organisations that don't merely keep up but lead the way. We've made a global commitment to offer leading audit technology, and we've invested heavily in tools to match our approach. The result is greater quality and insight to our clients.



Approach

We've built our audit around our people and our technology. We've designed it to give us more time with our clients, understanding the things that matter to their business. That's more time understanding client concerns, and more time focusing on the inherent risks we see, including how they change over time and how they compare with peer companies.



The PwC Audit



Tools and technologies to support our audit

Our Tools

As a member of the PwC Network, PwC South Africa has access to and uses PwC Audit, a common audit methodology and process. This methodology is based on the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs), with additional PwC policy and guidance provided where appropriate. PwC Audit policies and procedures are designed to facilitate audits conducted in compliance with all ISA requirements that are relevant to each individual audit engagement. Our common audit methodology provides the framework to enable PwC member firms to consistently comply in all respects with applicable professional standards, regulations and legal requirements.



Our technology



Aura, our global audit documentation platform is used across the PwC network. Aura helps drive how we build and execute our audit plans by supporting teams in applying our methodology effectively, by creating transparent linkage between risks, required procedures, controls and the work performed to address those risks, as well as providing comprehensive guidance and project management capabilities. Targeted audit plans specify risk levels, controls reliance and substantive testing. Real time dashboards show teams audit progress and the impact of scoping decisions more quickly.



Connect is our collaborative platform that allows clients to quickly and securely share audit documents and deliverables. Connect also eases the burden of tracking the status of deliverables and resolving issues by automatically flagging and tracking outstanding items and issues identified through the audit for more immediate attention and resolution. Clients are also able to see audit adjustments, control deficiencies, and statutory audit progress for all locations- in real time.



Connect Audit Manager streamlines, standardises and automates group and component teams coordination for multilocation and statutory/regulatory audits. It provides a single digital platform to see all outbound and inbound work and digitises the entire coordination process which fascilitates greater transparency, compliance and quality for complex multi-location audits.



Halo, our data auditing tools, test large volumes of data, analysing whole populations to improve risk assessment, analysis and testing. For example, Halo for Journals enables the identification of relevant journals based on defined criteria making it easier for engagement teams to explore and visualise the data to identify client journal entries to analyse and start the testing process.



Count, which facilitates the end-to-end process for inventory counts, allowing our engagement teams to create and manage count procedures, counters to record results directly onto their mobile device or tablet and engagement teams to export final results into Aura.

Reliability and auditability of audit technologies

Our firm has designed and implemented processes and controls to underpin the reliability of these audit technologies. This includes clarification of the roles and responsibilities of audit technology owners and users. In addition, we have guidance focused on the sufficiency of audit documentation included in the workpapers related to the use of these audit technologies, including consideration of the reliability of the solution, and the documentation needed to assist the reviewer in meeting their supervision and review responsibilities as part of the normal course of the audit.

Supporting engagement performance



Evolving delivery model

We continue to evolve the way we deliver our services so our people give our clients an even better experience, improve the quality of what we do and create economic capacity to invest in the future. We use both on and offshore resources at Service Delivery centres and Centres of Excellence to simplify, standardise, automate, and centralise portions of the audit.

Percentage of audit hours performed by Service Delivery Centres / Centres of Excellence							
FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21		
2.6%	3.5%	5.0%	6.1%	7.1%	10.2%		



Direction, coaching and supervision

Engagement leaders and senior engagement team members are responsible and accountable for providing quality coaching throughout the audit and supervising the work completed by junior members of the team. Teams utilise Aura Platinum which has capabilities to effectively monitor the progress of the engagement to make sure that all work has been completed and reviewed by relevant individuals, including the engagement leader.



Consultation culture

Consultation is key to ensuring audit quality. While we have formal protocols about mandatory consultation, in the pursuit of quality, we regularly consult more than the minimum requirement. For example, our engagement teams routinely speak with experts in areas such as taxation, risk, valuation, actuarial and other specialities as well as individuals within our National Office.

The firm has policies setting out the circumstances under which consultation on accounting, auditing and risk management matters is mandatory. The firm's technical experts track new developments in relevant areas and provide updates to the appropriate professional staff. Our consultative culture also means that our engagement teams regularly consult with each other on an informal basis, as well as with experts and others, often in situations where consultation is not formally required. Within Assurance, we use a consultation database that has been specifically designed to aid the enquiry and consultation process.



National office

Our National Office comprises technical accounting, auditing, and financial reporting specialists as well as risk and quality. These specialists play a vital role in keeping our policies and guidance in these areas current by tracking new developments in accounting and auditing and providing those updates to professional staff.

Number of full-time accounting and auditing specialists supporting our Assurance practice							
FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21		
39	51	61	74	100	97		



Engagement Performance & Quality (EPQ)

EPQ is the PwC branded approach to audit process improvement. It aims to improve the underlying processes and execution with the goal of getting it right the first time, thereby reducing waste and improving efficiency.

The EPQ framework and guiding principles provide the foundation for how we think, solve problems and make improvements to the processes we work within each day.

What EPQ achieves

- Improved Client & People Experience: Enhanced service excellence and people experience
 with less disruption and distraction, fewer late surprises and improved transparency;
- Enhanced Quality: More quality built in upfront resulting in better prepared team members and decreased rework on the back end during busy periods;
- Improved Efficiency: More standardisation resulting in reduced variation and uncertainty, less waste and more efficient processes, leading to improved margins; and
- **Smoother Workflow:** Improved phasing throughout the year with better project management, improved coordination and more streamlined execution.



Quality Review Partners (QRP)

We appoint a Quality Review Partner (QRP) to conduct engagement quality control reviews of the audits of listed clients, and other clients where the risk is considered to warrant such appointment. QRP's are experienced individuals who are independent of the core engagement team; they receive training when appointed as a QRP and their skills, capacity and experience are assessed on an annual basis thereafter.

QRPs are appointed to an engagement based on their experience and expertise. The QRP is responsible for reviewing key aspects of the audit including independence, significant risks and the team's responses to these risks, judgements, uncorrected misstatements, documentation of work done in the areas reviewed, the financial statements, communication with those charged with governance and the appropriateness of the audit report to be issued. QRPs are involved throughout the audit process so that their input is timely. The QRP will seek to challenge the audit team in the judgements they have made and work done. Their review is completed and any matters raised are resolved to the QRP's satisfaction in advance of the audit report date.



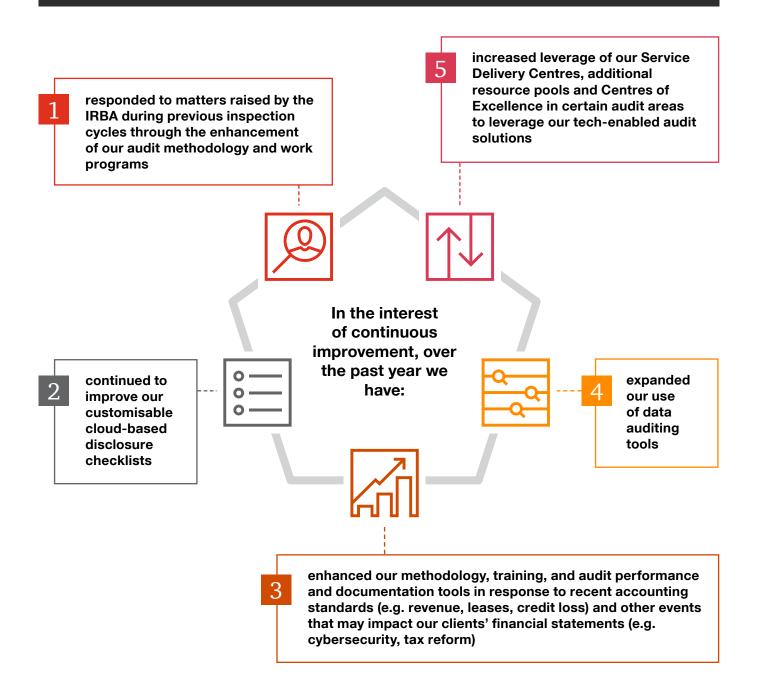
Differences of opinion

Protocols exist to resolve the situations where a difference of opinion arises between the engagement leader and either the QRP, another Assurance partner or central functions such as the National Office. These include the use of technical panels consisting of partners independent of the engagement.

Engagement documentation

At the end of an engagement, teams are required to assemble any documents required to be retained in a hard copy paper file and then archive both this and the electronic file in accordance with policies laid down by professional standards. In the case of the electronic audit file, automated processes exist to make sure that the file is archived on time and the act of archiving prevents any further amendments being made to the file.

The hard copy paper file is archived using an electronic system that logs the files. The hard copy file is then retained in a secure access controlled filing system, either within the office or off-site. Unless required for legal, regulatory or internal review purposes, electronic and hard copy paper files are only accessible by members of the engagement team until they are destroyed. All engagement files are destroyed after periods specified by law or professional standards. In the case of audit files, this is generally five years after signing the audit opinion (or longer, such as seven years for SEC audits).



Audit committee communications

Audit committee oversight of auditors is another key element of audit quality. Through timely, meaningful exchanges, we obtain the audit committee's perspectives and fulfil our professional responsibilities to communicate certain items to them. Required communications include discussions about our independence, our role, and the roles of management and the audit committee, among others.



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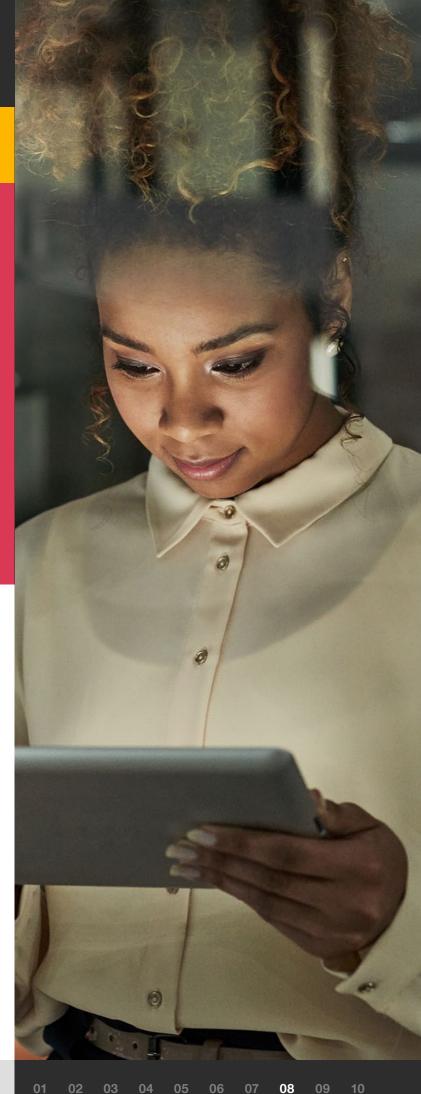


08

Monitoring of Assurance Quality



Testing the technical quality of our work is part of our System of Quality Management. Instances of failure to meet defined performance standards are treated seriously and the engagement leaders responsible will be counselled to improve performance. In addition, under the firm's accountability framework, an engagement leader's remuneration can be impacted by quality findings.



Monitoring of Assurance quality

We recognise that quality in the Assurance services we deliver to clients is key to maintaining the confidence of investors and other stakeholders in the integrity of our work. It is a key element to our Assurance strategy.

Responsibility for appropriate quality management lies with the Leadership of PwC South Africa. This includes the design and operation of an effective SoQM that is responsive to our specific risks to delivering quality audit engagements, using the Network's QMSE framework.

Our firm's monitoring procedures include an ongoing assessment aimed at evaluating whether the policies and procedures which constitute our SoQM are designed appropriately and operating effectively to provide reasonable assurance that our audit and non-audit assurance engagements are performed in compliance with laws, regulations and professional standards This includes the use of Real Time Assurance which is discussed in more detail on page 14 within The Quality Management Process section.

Our monitoring also encompasses a review of completed engagements (Engagement Compliance Reviews-ECR) as well as periodic monitoring of our SoQM by an objective team within our firm. The results of these procedures, together with our ongoing monitoring form the basis for the continuous improvement of our SoQM.

Our firm's monitoring program is based on a consistent Network-wide inspections program based on professional standards relating to quality control including ISQC 1 as well as Network policies, procedures, tools and guidance.

ECRs are risk-focused reviews of completed engagements covering, on a periodic basis, individuals in our firm who are authorised to sign audit or non-audit assurance reports. The review assesses whether an engagement was performed in compliance with PwC Audit guidance, applicable professional standards and other applicable engagement-related policies and procedures. Each signer is reviewed at least once every three to five years, depending on the profile of that signer's client engagements or the results achieved in previous reviews.

Reviews are led by experienced Assurance partners, supported by objective teams of partners, directors, and senior managers and other specialists. ECR reviewers may be sourced from other member firms if needed to provide appropriate expertise or objectivity. Review teams receive training to support them in fulfilling their responsibilities, and utilise a range of checklists and tools developed at the Network level when conducting their inspection procedures.

The network inspection team support review teams with support on consistent application of guidance on classification of engagement findings and engagement assessments across the network.

In addition, the PwC Network coordinates an inspection program to review the design and operating effectiveness of our SoQM. The use of a central team to monitor these inspections across the Network enables a consistent view and sharing of relevant experience across the PwC Network.

The results of all inspections are reported to our firm's leadership who are responsible for analysing the findings and implementing remedial actions as necessary. In situations where adverse quality matters on engagements are identified, based on the nature and circumstances of the issues, the responsible partner or our firm's Assurance leadership personnel may be subject to additional monitoring, training or further sanctions in accordance with our firm's Recognition and Accountability Framework.

Partners and employees of our firm are informed about the inspection results and the actions taken to enable them to draw the necessary conclusions for the performance of their engagements. In addition, engagement partners of our firm are informed by the network inspection program about relevant inspection findings in other PwC member firms, which enables our partners to consider these findings in planning and performing their audit work.

Number of audit engagements selected for internal inspection						
FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	
60	52	47	51	41	46	
Percentage of compliant audit engagements selected for internal inspection						
FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	
88%	92%	94%	90%	100%	94%	

08



Confidentiality and information security



Confidentiality and information security are key elements of our professional responsibilities. Misuse or loss of confidential client information or personal data may expose the firm to legal proceedings, and it may also adversely impact our reputation. We take the protection of confidential and personal data very seriously.

Our focus on our clients requires a holistic and collaborative approach to reducing security, privacy and confidentiality risks with significant investment in appropriate controls and monitoring to embed an effective three lines of defence model. This model has enabled us to strengthen our information security organisation, align to industry good practice and improve our internal control frameworks.

Data Privacy

The firm maintains a robust and consistent approach to the management of all personal data, with everyone in our organisation having a role to play in safeguarding personal data.

We have continued to build our extensive General Data Protection Regulation Program, and are committed to embedding good data management practices across our business. This includes updated data management practices to comply with both the General Data Protection Regulation Program and the Protection of Personal Information Act 4 of 2013.

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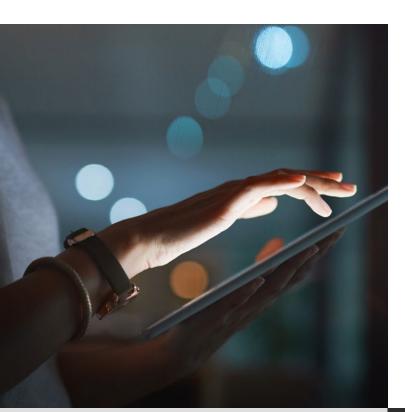
Information Security

Information security is a high priority for the PwC Network. Member Firms are accountable to their people, clients, suppliers, and other stakeholders to protect information that is entrusted to them.

The PwC Information Security Policy (ISP) is aligned with ISO/IEC 27001, financial services industry standards, and other reputable frameworks (COBIT, NIST, etc.) as benchmarks for security effectiveness across the network of Member Firms. The PwC ISP directly supports the Firm's strategic direction of cyber readiness to proactively safeguard its assets and client information. The PwC ISP is reviewed, at a minimum, on an annual basis.

PwC South Africa is required to adhere to the ISP requirements and complete an annual, evidence based assessment to demonstrate compliance. The CISO approved assessment undergoes a detailed and standardised Quality Assessment (QA) process performed by a centralised, objective Network Information Security Compliance team.

All partners and staff are required to keep any personal data and other confidential information, including information relating to clients, PwC firms and partners and staff, confidential unless permission to disclose the information is obtained from the client and/or other appropriate parties or there is a legal or professional duty to disclose the information. This also applies after a client relationship has ended in the case of client confidential information. We are permitted to disclose such information to other personnel only where there is a legitimate business purpose to do so. We do not use confidential client information or personal data for any purpose other than that for which it was intended and where it is disclosed to other parties request that they apply that same principle.



PwC's information security policies and procedures aim to make sure that:



Our policies and procedures include:

- encryption of all the firm's laptops, PCs and memory sticks;
- secure and managed apps for data accessed by mobile devices:
- software restricting the use of removable media;
- access to engagement files both electronic and hard copy paper files – is restricted to those with a 'need to know';
- · regular backup of data on individual laptops and PCs;
- · clear-desk policy, both in our offices and at client sites;
- securing hard copy files when they are not in use;
- remote access to our network via a secure virtual private network, or equivalent technology;
- policies on the transmission of data by email outside of the organisation; and
- restricted access to operational areas of PwC South Africa and our buildings.

The firm has incident reporting and response procedures that seek to minimise the impact of any data loss which arises. These procedures include notifying clients when it is known that their data is at risk and, where appropriate and feasible, taking corrective action.

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Legal and Governance Structure

Africa Governance Board

- 12 members (including six from the Governing Board)
- Four scheduled meetings per annum (and ad-hoc meetings if required)
- Term of office: Four years

PwC South Africa is part of the South Market Area of PwC Africa, and together with the firms in the East and West Market Areas, falls under the governance arrangements of PwC Africa. These governance arrangements are exercised by the Governance Board, constituted in terms of the Africa joint venture agreement, which details its powers and duties.

The members are elected by the partners in each of the three market areas making up PwC Africa. The Chairman of the Governance Board is elected by the members of the Governance Board. It has several committees that act in accordance with the delegated authority of the Governance Board. The committees are accountable to the Governance Board and report to the members at each board meeting.

South Africa Governing Board

- 9 members (elected by South Africa partners)
- Four scheduled meetings per annum (and ad-hoc meetings if required)
- Term of office: Four years
- The CEO is an ex-officio member of the board

The Governing Board is constituted in terms of the PwC South Africa firm's partnership agreement, which details its rights and responsibilities.

Other than the Chief Executive Officer, none of the members serve as members of the firm's Leadership Team.

The chairperson of the Governing Board is elected by the members of the Governing Board. The current acting chairperson of the Governing Board is Brendan Deegan. It has several committees that act in accordance with the delegated authority of the Governance Board. The committees are accountable to the Governance Board and report to the members at each board meeting.

Management Committee

- Members appointed by the Chief Executive Officer
- Eight scheduled meetings per annum
- Term of office: Four years

The Management Committee is accountable for the firm's results and its principal responsibilities include creating, directing and overseeing strategy implementation, developing succession plans for leadership roles and ensuring regular and ongoing partner communication on the progress and performance of the firm.

Management Committee





Shirley Machaba Chief Executive Officer



Coenraad Richardson Risk and Quality



Corlia Volschenk Human Capital



Anastacia Tshesane Transformation, Diversity & Inclusion



Johannes Grosskopf Operations



Jabu Masondo _{Tax}



Pieter Hough Assurance



Kalane Rampai Consulting



37.5% Female

South Africa Governing Board

(at 30 June 2021)



Ahmed Chohan



Andrea Puggia



Brendan Deegan Acting Chair



Craig West



Jayshila Mistri



John Bennett



Nicolette Jacobs



Peter McCrystal

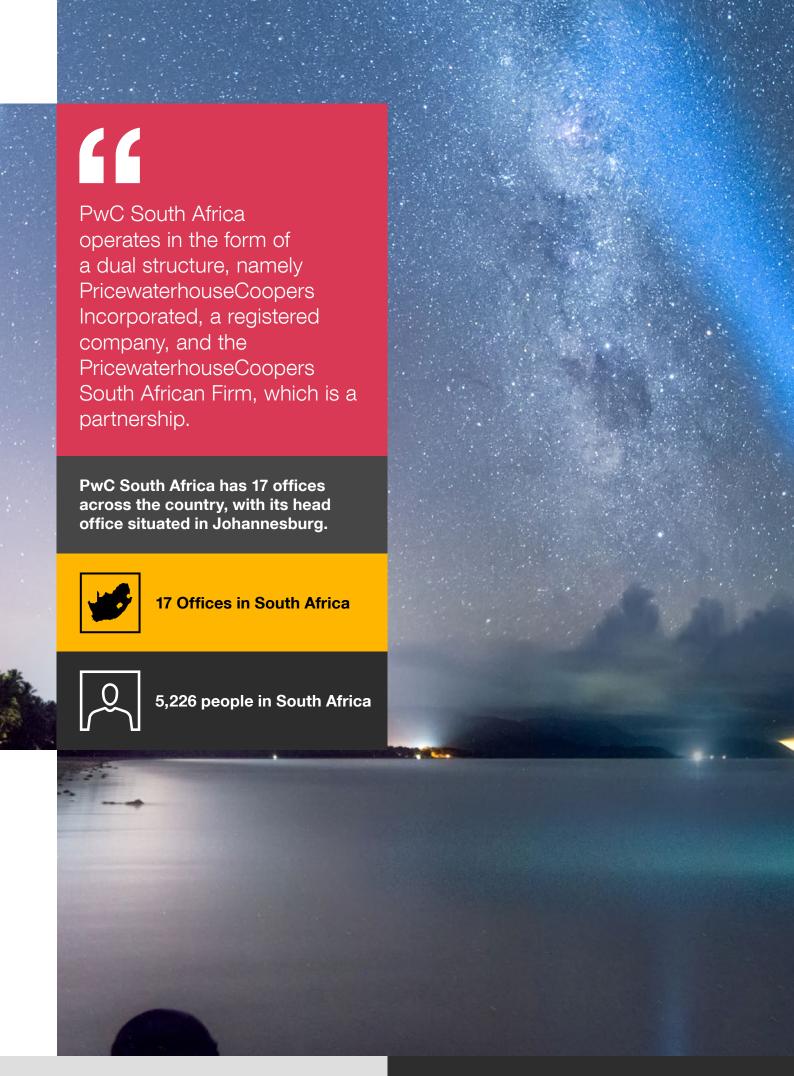


30% Female

Vincent Tshikhovhokhovho



Shirley Machaba Ex-officio member



PwC Network

Global Network

PwC is the brand under which the member firms of PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited (PwCIL) operate and provide professional services. Together, these firms form the PwC network. 'PwC' is often used to refer either to individual firms within the PwC network or to several or all of them collectively.

In many parts of the world, accounting firms are required by law to be locally owned and independent. The PwC network is not a global partnership, a single firm, or a multinational corporation. The PwC network consists of firms which are separate legal entities.



PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited

Firms in the PwC network are members in, or have other connections to, PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited (PwCIL), an English private company limited by guarantee. PwCIL does not practise accountancy or provide services to clients. Rather its purpose is to act as a coordinating entity for member firms in the PwC network. Focusing on key areas such as strategy, brand, and risk and quality, PwCIL coordinates the development and implementation of policies and initiatives to achieve a common and coordinated approach amongst individual member firms where appropriate. Member firms of PwCIL can use the PwC name and draw on the resources and methodologies of the PwC network. In addition, member firms may draw upon the resources of other member firms and/or secure the provision of professional services by other member firms and/or other entities. In return, member firms are bound to abide by certain common policies and to maintain the standards of the PwC network as put forward by PwCIL.

The PwC network is not one international partnership. A member firm cannot act as agent of PwClL or any other member firm, cannot obligate PwClL or any other member firm, and is liable only for its own acts or omissions and not those of PwClL or any other member firm. Similarly, PwClL cannot act as an agent of any member firm, cannot obligate any member firm, and is liable only for its own acts or omissions. PwClL has no right or ability to control member firm's exercise of professional judgement.

The governance bodies of PwCIL are:

- Global Board, which is responsible for the governance of PwCIL, the oversight of the Network Leadership Team and the approval of network standards. The Board does not have an external role. Board members are elected by partners from all PwC firms around the world every four years.
- Network Leadership Team, which is responsible for setting the overall strategy for the PwC network and the standards to which the PwC firms agree to adhere.
- Strategy Council, which is made up of the leaders
 of the largest PwC firms and regions of the network,
 agrees on the strategic direction of the network and
 facilitates alignment for the execution of strategy.
- Global Leadership Team is appointed by and reports to the Network Leadership Team and the Chairman of the PwC network. Its members are responsible for leading teams drawn from network firms to coordinate activities across all areas of our business.

Dion Shango, Africa Senior Partner, is a member of the Strategy Council and maintains our relationships with the Network Leadership Team.

Appendix

In order to comply with EU Regulation 537/2014 Article 13.2(b) items (ii) and (iii), we list below the statutory audit firms/auditors by country within our network as of 30 June 2021.

Member State	Name of firm	
Austria	PwC Wirtschaftsprüfung GmbH, Wien	
Austria	PwC Oberösterreich Wirtschaftsprüfung und Steuerberatung GmbH, Linz	
Austria	PwC Kärnten Wirtschaftsprüfung und Steuerberatung GmbH, Klagenfurt	
Austria	PwC Steiermark Wirtschaftsprüfung und Steuerberatung GmbH, Graz	
Austria	PwC Salzburg Wirtschaftsprüfung und Steuerberatung GmbH, Salzburg	
Austria	PwC Österreich GmbH, Wien	
Belgium	PwC Bedrijfsrevisoren bv/Reviseurs d'enterprises srl	
Bulgaria	PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit OOD	
Croatia	PricewaterhouseCoopers d.o.o	
Croatia	PricewaterhouseCoopers Savjetovanje d.o.o	
Cyprus	PricewaterhouseCoopers Limited	
Czech Republic	PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit s.r.o	
Denmark	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab	
Estonia	AS PricewaterhouseCoopers	
Finland	PricewaterhouseCoopers Oy	
France	PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit	
France	PricewaterhouseCoopers Entreprises	
France	PricewaterhouseCoopers France	
France	PricewaterhouseCoopers Services France	
France	PwC Entrepreneneurs CAC	
France	PwC Entrepreneurs Commissariat aux Comptes	
France	PwC Entrepreneurs Audit	
France	PwC Entrepreneurs Audit France	
France	PwC Entrepreneurs CAC France	
France	PwC Entrepreneurs Commissariat aux Comptes France	
France	PwC Entrepreneurs France	
France	PwC Entrepreneurs Services	
France	M. Philippe Aerts	
France	M. Jean-François Bourrin	
France	M. Jean-Laurent Bracieux	
France	M. Didier Brun	

France M. François Miane France M. François Miane France M. Pierre Pegaz-Fiornet France M. Antoine Priollaud Germany PricewaterhouseCoopers GmbH Wirtschaftsprufungsgesellschaft Germany Wibera WPG AG Greece PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditing Company SA Hungary PricewaterhouseCoopers Könyvvizsgáló Kft. Iceland PricewaterhouseCoopers Hireland PricewaterhouseCoopers By PricewaterhouseCoopers Italy	Member State	Name of firm		
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Total turnover achieved by statutory auditors and audit firms from EEA Member States that are members of the PwC network resulting, to the best extent calculable, from the statutory audit of annual and consolidated financial statements is approximately 2.4 billion Euros. This represents the turnover from each entity's most recent financial year converted to Euros at the exchange rate prevailing as of 30 June 2021.

PwC South Africa's total revenues for the year ended 30 June 2021 amounted to approximately 323 million Euros, comprising revenue from audit services of 165 million Euros, broader assurance services of 59 million Euros, advisory services of 70 million Euros, and tax and legal services of 29 million Euros. This represents the revenues of PwC South Africa converted at the average exchange rate for the year ended 30 June 2021.

PwC South Africa acts as auditor for entities with transferable securities listed on a UK regulated market. The audit fees approximate 12 million Euros. Non-audit fees approximate 1.7 million Euros. The fees have been converted at the average exchange rate for the year ended 30 June 2021.







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